

CHAPTER 1 QUESTIONS

MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

Select the one correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. Which of the following best defines the term “gender” as used in this text?
 - a. A person’s sex
 - b. A person’s sex as defined by society
 - c. A societal response to a person’s self-representation as a man or woman
 - d. A person’s biological presentation as defined by himself or herself

2. Which factor bears most on women’s health care today?
 - a. The complexity of women’s health
 - b. Women’s status and position in society
 - c. Population growth
 - d. The economy

3. Why is acknowledging the oppression of women more difficult within Western societies?
 - a. The multiplicity of minority groups complicates the issue.
 - b. The availability of health care makes acknowledgment more difficult.
 - c. The diversity of the news media clouds the issue.
 - d. Affluence and increased opportunities mask oppression.

4. Which of the following most accurately defines “oppression” as used in the text?
 - a. Not having a choice
 - b. Not having a voice
 - c. An act of tyranny
 - d. A feeling of being burdened

5. In what way does a model of care based on a feminist perspective contrast sharply with a biomedical model?

- a. It provides a forum for the exploration of gender issues.
- b. It seeks equal distribution of power within the healthcare interaction.
- c. It emphasizes women's rights.
- d. It opens new avenues for women's health care.

6. Gender is rooted in _____ and shaped by _____ .

- a. society, biology
- b. self-representation, societal expectations
- c. biology, environment and experience 3
- d. biology, hormones

7. Women's health risks, treatments, and approaches are not always based in science and biology because _____

- a. they are often based on outdated treatments and approaches.
- b. they are determined by social expectations and gender assumptions.
- c. they often rely on alternative treatments and approaches.
- d. scientific research often fails to take women into consideration.

8. Reproductive rights were added to the World Health Organization's human rights framework in the last _____ ?

- a. 5 years
- b. 10 years
- c. 20 years
- d. 40 years

9. "Safe Motherhood" was added to the human rights framework in order to _____

- a. address maternal morbidity and mortality on a global level
- b. meet a legal obligation
- c. correct an injustice
- d. correct an oversight

10. What is a chief failing of the biomedical model in regards to women's health care?

- a. Its reliance on studies comprised exclusively of males
- b. Its consideration of women as central the model
- c. Its emphasis on science and medicine
- d. Its limited definition of "health" as "the absence of disease"

11. The social model of health places the focus of health on _____

- a. the community.
- b. the individual.
- c. environmental conditions.
- d. scientific research.

12. Which question below supports the strategy: "Identify women's agency in the midst of social constraint and the biomedical paradigm."?

- a. "Are 'all women' the same?"
- b. "Why do you care about the issue?"
- c. "Are women really victims or are they acting with agency?"
- d. "Who has a choice within the context of health?"

13. What had been a significant problem in medical research well into the 1990s?

- a. The focus on randomized clinical trials over epidemiological investigations
- b. The lack of representation of women in research trials

- c. The lack of research related to gynecology
- d. The focus on randomized clinical trials over observational research 4

14. Gender differences in heart disease can be found in _____

- a. diagnosis.
- b. treatment.
- c. identification of symptoms.
- d. all of the above.

15. What opportunities are created by applying feminist strategies to gynecologic health?

- a. Better insight into research methods related to gynecology
- b. Better access to the populations affected by gynecologic health
- c. Better understandings from a wellness-oriented, women-centered framework
- d. Better understandings of the social construction of gender 5

ANSWER KEY

MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. c

2. b

3. d

4. a

5. b

6. c

7. b

8. c

9. a

10. d

11. a

12. c

13. b

14. d

15. c